The **SCIENCE** of

Let's get cracking with some egg-cellent Easter experiments.

any cultures associate eggs with new life and rebirth, and they have been the symbol of the Christian celebration of Easter for around 1,700 years.

Eggs are one of the most nutritious foods around. This is because they contain all the nutrients and building

Even top chefs find it tricky to poach an egg.

The perfect poached egg should have a nice oval

shape and a runny yolk. Everyone has their own

method, from swirling the water to adding a drop

of vinegar – here's one tried-and-tested technique.

WARNING!

This recipe involves

boiling water. You

may need an adult

to help you.

blocks required to grow a baby chicken. Their shape makes them super-strong, which is why hens don't break their eggs when they sit on them.

Pot of water

• 1 safety pin

1 egg

Try these egg-citing experiments and find out about the science of the

Amazing eggs



lagic colour change



Beating raw egg whites traps air bubbles into the liquid. This unfolds the proteins and causes them to fluff up and become stiff.



Perfect poached eggs What you need



Bring the pot of water to a gentle boil. Make a small hole in the egg using the safety pin. This lets out any air trapped inside and stops it from cracking.

Slotted spoon

Kitchen paper

Place the whole egg (with the shell still on) in the pot of boiling water and gently simmer for 10-20 seconds. This starts cooking the egg white and helps the egg retain its shape once it has been cracked. Remove the whole egg from the boiling water using a slotted spoon and cool it under a running tap.

Now, crack your egg into the gently simmering water. Try to do it as close to the top of the water as you can. Poach your egg for 3-5 minutes, depending on how runny you like it. Remove from the water and dry on kitchen paper.

An average hen lays between 300 and 325 eggs per year.

The proteins in eggs have very specific shapes, but when they are heated they lose their shape and become tangled. This is what turns egg white from clear liquid to solid white when you cook an egg.

Expanding foam



Things to make and do

How does it work?

Eggshells are mostly made from a hard mineral called calcium carbonate, which is also found in limestone and chalk. The acid (vinegar) attacks the calcium carbonate – look for tiny bubbles of carbon dioxide gas forming on the shell. After a few days, the vinegar completely dissolves the eggshell, leaving just the thin membrane to hold the egg together.



Super-strong What you need ● 1 egg Books

Bouncing eggs

Place the egg in the jar and fill the container with

white vinegar. Leave with the lid off for 1–3 days.

Place the first roll of tape on a table, then place the

egg with one end in the hole in the middle. Place

the second roll of tape on top of the egg.

The longer you leave it, the easier the shell comes off.

eggs

White vinegar



FASTEST

OMELETTE MAKER

US chef Howard Helmer is the

omelette king. He holds three world

records for making omelettes.

In 1990, he made 427

two-egg omelettes in

30 minutes.

The shape of an egg incorporates two arches.

How does it work?

The arch is one of the strongest forms in the world. It distributes weight evenly across its shape, enabling it to hold things many times heavier than itself. This shape has been used in bridges and buildings for thousands of years.



Gently remove any remaining shell with your

finger. Then hold your freaky rubbery raw egg

up to the light and admire it.

Now, carefully place a book on top of the tape. Keep adding books – you will be surprised by how much weight the eggs can hold.



How high can you get the book stack before the egg breaks? Send your gravity-defying pictures to scienceandnature@dennis.co.uk



78 **Science-Nature** Spring 2018